

Cape Girardeau Democrat

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TO MEET HERE.

The Editors of Southeast Missouri

Will Meet in Cape Girardeau May 15 and 16.

The next meeting of the Southeast Missouri Press Association will be held in this city May 15th and 16th.

This will be the first editorial convention ever held in this city and our people should make preparations to entertain the editors royally. They will be here two or three days and they should be shown the sights of the big city. We have something here to show them and we want them to see our city by day and by night. There will be editors here from all over Southeast Missouri and we want them so entertained that they will go home prepared to give our city a write up that will do us good.

Never Doubt It.

The approval by Governor Stone of the \$900,000 bond furnished by the city of Sedalia to "guarantee the state that the new capitol buildings will not cost the taxpayers of the state a dollar in case the voters of Missouri at the November election decide to remove the capital from Jefferson City to Sedalia" is an important step in the direction of that achievement. Voters who were disinclined to favor the change on account of the apprehension that it would entail heavy expense for the construction of suitable buildings will now be satisfied of the groundlessness of such fears and may consider the question solely in respect to the comfort and convenience of those having business with the officials of the state government, and the safety and accessibility of the records. In the minds of those who thoroughly understood the subject there never was a doubt that the people of Sedalia would fulfill their obligations in the matter. But it is gratifying that the observance of a necessary formality has removed whatever misgivings may have existed in ample time to give the city aspiring to become the seat of government the full benefit of assurance made doubly sure.—Kansas City Star.

Is This Fair?

It seems not to be generally known in Southeast Missouri that Dr. L. T. Hall, first assistant physician in the State Insane Asylum at Fulton, has offered his resignation to take place July 14th or earlier if the board will provide a successor. It is possible that this successor may be elected at the next meeting of the Board of Managers on May 12th. From the best of sources we learn that considerably more than one-fourth of the whole number of patients in the Asylum—608—are from Southeast Missouri, while of 100 employees not one is from this section of the State. Can any one explain why this is the case? And is it just and right that it should continue? We think not. It is intimated to us by one who has every opportunity of knowing the grounds of his suspicion, that the resignation of Dr. Hall has purposely been kept dark in order that a successor to him might be elected and installed before Southeast Missouri should find out that there was a vacancy. Whether this is true or not, it is due to the people of Southeast Missouri who are so vitally interested in this institution, that the successor to Dr. Hall should come from this section, and that he should be elected only after the fullest and fairest notice, widely published in the local press, has been given, that every part of this section may have the opportunity it wishes of presenting the name of some favorite medical son. We are not without good physicians in this part of the State notwithstanding its remarkably good health, and we insist that the merits shall be recognized in the selection of a successor to Dr. Hall. And while in the line of protecting the interests of our part of the State, we will also inquire why about 25 of those 100 employees could not also be taken from this same neglected section? We ask the local press of this section to take hold of this matter and let us see that Southeast Missouri receives fair treatment in the equipment of this State institution unless it can be justly shown that we have not the men (and women) competent to fill the various positions necessary to the conduct of the Asylum.—Benton Record.

Hallard's Snow Liniment Will Cure Neuralgia. It will also cure Back, Sore Throat, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Old Sores. Ladies, it will cure your back-ache. Sold at Wilson's drug store.

International Bimetallism.

There was much truth and some error in the closing resolutions of the Brussels Bimetallist Congress. The "greatest service which can be rendered the world" in a business way would be, as that deliberative assembly, "the establishment of a fixed relation in the respective monetary value of gold and silver by the great nations" and the unrestricted coinage of both metals by all the nations at that ratio. On this point three out of every four persons who have given any intelligent thought to the question are in substantial agreement. Very little dissent from this proposition was heard at any of the various international monetary conferences which have been held. The difficulty is to get the nations to unite in establishing this fixed relation.

That part of the resolution, however, which says that this fixed relation could be created not only by a general monetary agreement of all the great nations, but "even by the greater part of them," is open to very serious question. The only way in which the relative monetary value of the two metals could be maintained at an approximately fixed proportion would be by the establishment of a uniform ratio by the leading countries, and the unrestricted coinage of both metals by all of them at that ratio. The "greater part" of the nations could not do this. England would have to be in this coinage scheme in order to make it effective. Probably if England entered into it Germany would not hold back, but England's participation would be absolutely essential to the success of this endeavor. If England remained out of the scheme it would undoubtedly fall, even though every other nation were in it.

Much less is heard about international bimetallism at present than was heard a few years ago. In the monetary conference in Paris in 1888, soon after the enactment of the Bland-Allison law, the American representatives were sanguine of success in the very near future. Even in the conference of 1881, after their disappointment three years earlier, they thought they saw a general remonetization of the white metal in sight. But repeated defeats have destroyed much of the confidence of American bimetallists. The Brussels conference of 1892 ended like the previous ones in Paris without accomplishing anything. The reason why the smaller and less formal gathering which has just been held in Brussels did not receive much popular attention is that nobody imagined it would accomplish anything. Still the United States will always be ready to take part in any gathering of representatives of the great nations held in the interest of universal bimetallism, and it will do its part toward the establishment of that condition.—Globe-Democrat.

Betting on McKinley.

There seems to be plenty of McKinley money floating around Wall street seeking takers. Another bet was offered yesterday by a man represented by Theodore H. Price, of the Stock Exchange firm of Price, McCormick & Co. He wanted to bet \$10,000 even money that McKinley would be nominated as the Republican presidential candidate, and, barring death or declination, would be elected.

Howard P. Frothingham is also said to have been authorized by responsible men to place money on McKinley, both at odds and even.—New York Journal.

Ten Years for Manslaughter.

BENTON, Mo., April 27.—David Matney, the man who shot and killed Deputy United States Revenue Collector M. P. Wade in C. F. Bonneron's saloon here last October, was today sentenced to a term of ten years in the Penitentiary in the Scott County Circuit Court. Matney was a bartender at the saloon on the night of the killing, and while some of the evidence tended to show provocation for the killing, the jury, after being out about four hours, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree, and fixed his punishment as above. The verdict was a compromise, five jurors being in favor of acquittal and seven thought he should receive some punishment, so he was given the lightest sentence under the laws.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pain, no cure. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Blomeyer & Haman.

State Elections in 1896.

A larger number of States will participate in this year's presidential election than in any previous presidential election in the United States, and a larger number of States, too, will vote on the same day, Tuesday, November 3, than ever heretofore, the list of States holding preliminary spring or autumn elections having been steadily reduced of late years. None of the doubtful States now holds a preliminary election, and one of the last States to fall out of the early list is Oregon, which in June, 1888, sounded what the Republicans called the "opening gun" of the Harrison and Morton contest by a Republican majority of 6,000. In the preliminary election of June, 1892, in Oregon the result was indecisive and unsatisfactory, the Republican candidate at the head of the State ticket polling 31,000 votes, the Democrat 29,000 and the Populist 12,000. Later on the electoral votes of the State were divided between Gen. Harrison and Gen. Weaver.

On August 3 there will be a State election in Alabama, and a repetition of the lively times of 1892 and 1894 is promised. In both elections Kolb, a former Democrat, was the opposition candidate to the regular party nominee, and the claim was made that the results, as officially returned, did not directly represent the vote cast. In August, 1892, Kolb polled 115,000 votes (or was credited with that number) and his Democratic opponent 226,000. In the State election of 1894 in Alabama, Kolb had 82,000 votes, and Oates, his Democratic opponent, 110,000. Afterward Kolb caused himself to be sworn in as Governor, and a dual State administration was for a short time threatened. This year a repetition of the fight is probable, and the National Committee of the Republicans will probably, as in 1892, be asked to take a hand in the contest. At that time Chris Magee represented the National Committee.

Three States will vote in September; Vermont on September 1, choosing a Governor for two years; Arkansas on September 7, choosing a Governor for two years, and Maine on September 14, choosing also a Governor for two years. On October 6 there will be a State election in Florida, and on the day following, October 7, a State election in Georgia, which promises to be hotly contested between the two Democratic factions.—New York Sun.

Card of Thanks.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:

Dear Sir—As you are aware that on the 9th day of March last we had the misfortune to lose our house with all its contents by fire thus leaving us without any means and without any shelter and we were compelled to accept the kind offer of our neighbors to come and stay with them until we were able to prepare some kind of abode to live in which offer we gladly accepted for nearly three weeks. Now as we are, through the instrumentality, kindness and charity of our relatives, neighbors and friends by their contributions of money, labor and goods established in another temporary house, we would kindly ask you to publish this notice in your most valuable paper so as to reach all who have had the kindness to contribute to our most needy want that we are sincerely grateful to one and all for the gifts bestowed upon us and hoping that such misfortune and loss as we have had may never befall any of them, and praying that God's blessings may always be with them, we sign ourselves most gratefully yours,

LOUIS CREIBATUM and Family.

Steve B. Fraser.

A gentleman in this city, received a letter yesterday from his former fellow-townsmen Steve B. Fraser, musician, burnt cork artist and telegraph operator. Steve has been all over America and he is now filling an engagement for a patent medicine firm at Montreal, Canada. Our people all remember Steve Fraser.

Mr. Fraser writes that he met Burt Fullender, formerly of this city, at Toledo, Ohio, where he is manager of the principal opera house in that city. He says that Burt is a fine fellow and is doing well.

Havages of Temperance.

We may get some faint notion of the ravages of the temperance sentiment when we learn that a Kentucky Judge granted a new trial on the ground that the jury drank a few gallons of whiskey while deliberating on the case. A few years ago if a Kentucky jury had asked for water it would have been fined for contempt of court and discharged.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Tattooed by Lightning.

Christian Anderson, of Greenwich, aged 28, was instantly killed in the presence of his family on Tuesday, during the progress of a heavy thunder shower. Anderson came to this country ten years ago from Denmark, and by hard work had been able to send for the rest of the family, one by one. His mother was the last to arrive, and to celebrate her coming a family reunion had been planned, and all were gathered at supper when the tragedy happened. The flash entered through an open window and struck Anderson squarely in the face, cutting a gash 2 inches long on the right side of his nose. Anderson was killed instantly. When his body was picked up the right side appeared to be tattooed from head to foot. Although there were fifteen people about the table, none of the others was hurt.—Hartford Times.

Hill-Walker Murder Trial.

IRONTON, Mo., April 29.—In the Hill-Walker murder case, on trial in the Iron County Circuit Court, before Judge Green, the facts developed today were to the effect that at the time Hill shot Walker, May 18, 1895, Walker was very much under the influence of liquor. Hill charged Walker with having made derogatory statements about him, that Walker acknowledged, whereupon Hill struck him a severe blow in the face with his left hand, and immediately drew a revolver, while Walker was in the attitude of recovering from the blow, having fallen against a bystander, and taking deliberate aim, fired at him, the shot taking effect in the left breast, and Walker expiring within three minutes afterward. Forty witnesses are in attendance and a dozen were examined to-day.

The Ex-President's Will.

Among other interesting pieces of gossip floating around Washington is a story just received from Indianapolis concerning Gen. Harrison's will. Although not a rich man, he has been careful and methodical about his business affairs, and while he was President he made a will leaving his property in equal divisions to his wife who was then living, to his daughter, Mrs. McKee, and his son, Russell Harrison. After Mrs. Harrison's death he made another will, dividing the property equally between his son and daughter, to which he has recently added a codicil providing that this shall apply only the property of which he was possessed at the time of his recent marriage, and that his home in Indianapolis and whatever property he may accumulate from this time on shall go to his widow in case she survives him.—Chicago Record.

Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of Miss Ida Haman.

RESOLVED, That, whereas Miss Ida Haman, an honored and beloved member of the Clio Society, has been suddenly taken from our midst by death, we the members of this society do offer these resolutions of regret and regard for our late co-worker, and do extend to her family and friends our earnest sympathy in their affliction, and be it also

RESOLVED, That we certify our high appreciation of Miss Haman's character as a woman and a student, and be it resolved also that a copy of these resolutions be submitted to her relatives, that one copy be printed in the daily papers of the city and that the other be engrossed upon the official records of this society.

CHATTIE DYBART, MAY H. FEE, ELLA BROWNING, Committee.

Annual Stockholder's Meeting.

The annual stockholder's meeting of the Chester, Perryville, Ste. Genevieve and Farmington Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the Company on Tuesday, May 5th, 1896, to elect five directors for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may come before said board.

H. H. HORCK, President.

Free Pills.

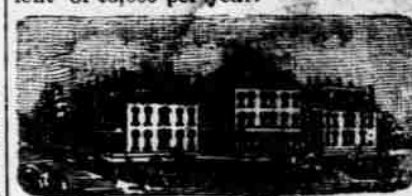
Send your address to H. E. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merit. These pills are easy to take and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache, For Malaria and Liver trouble. They have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from any deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 50c per box. Sold by Blomeyer & Haman.

CHOSE PROF. TATE.

Baird College's Directors Elect a New Executive Officer.

CLINTON, Mo., April 24.—The Board of Trustees of Baird College has unanimously elected to the presidency of that institution for a term of three years, commencing June 1, 1896, Prof. J. B. Tate, formerly professor of Stephens College, Columbia and more recently of Harden College, Mexico, Mo.

Prof. Tate is a brother of Rev. Mr. Tate of this city. Prior to his ten years connection with the above named institutions he labored fifteen years in the public schools of the State, and was Superintendent of the city schools of Pleasant Hill, Linneus, Miami, Slater and Fulton. His new position will pay him an equivalent of \$3,000 per year.



BAIRD COLLEGE.

Has one of the most elegant school buildings in the State. Truly, one's whole sense of the beautiful is charmed by the very approach to the graceful building, sitting amid stately trees, and if the exterior is charming, no less so is the interior. From the broad veranda the visitor steps into a broader hall, furnished as a reception room, the work of the college showing in the handsome paintings on the walls and white statues that peep from niches. The same elegance is found throughout the building, in parlors, drawing-rooms, bedrooms, libraries, recitation rooms, and hall.

The school completed its ninth year last June with a record of 1,500 pupils since its inception, and 125 alumnae. In "extra" branches over 3,000 names are enrolled. All the work usually done in a college for young ladies is done at Baird, and the usual degrees are conferred. The institution is a source of much pride to the citizens of Clinton.

How to Treat a Wife.

First, get a wife; second, be patient. You may have great trials and perplexities in your business, but do not therefore carry to your home a cloudy or contracted brow. Your wife may have trials, which, though of less magnitude, may be hard for her to bear. A kind word, a tender look, will do wonders in chasing from her brow all clouds of gloom. To this we would add always keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. It is the best and is sure to be needed sooner or later. Your wife will then know that you really care for her and wish to protect her health. For sale by I. Ben Miller.—Pacific Health Journal.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our sincere thanks to the kind friends who lent their assistance, and especially to the faculty and the students of the Normal school who paid their respects to the family on the day of the funeral of our daughter and sister.

C. HAMAN, SR., AMELIA HAMAN, JOEL HAMAN, ROBT. H. HAMAN, MARTHA HAMAN, PHIL HAMAN.

Another Preacher Too Good For Earth.

During the last session of the grand jury at Warrensburg, Mo., Rev. Neal Pugsley, pastor of the M. E. Church, South, went before the grand jury and endeavored to have indictments brought against members of the Ladies High Five Club for gambling. The club is an organization of prominent society women, and meets every Wednesday afternoon at the home of one of the members to play high five for a prize offered by the hostess. Mr. Pugsley was listened to with respectful attention, but no indictments were returned.

It is a terrible thing to see a woman of such position and respectability by teaching a club which was different from the teachings of Christ and His apostles.

If Rev. Pugsley can not learn that the only gospel way and successful way is to educate them in the church and the Sunday school, he had better abandon the pulpit and go to raising corn.—Sedalia Capital.

MCKINLEY WINS.

Illinois Republican Convention Unanimously Re-elected William McKinley President of the United States.

The fight was won more easily than the McKinley managers had anticipated. This morning there was perhaps less show of confidence on their part than at any time within a week.

He is 130 Years Old.

"The St. Petersburg 'Gazette' says Russia has the oldest man on earth. Its Moscow correspondent tells of him thus:

"There appeared this week in the office of the police surgeon an aged man who wished to have his injured hand bandaged. The surgeon bound up the wound and then began talking with the patient. He learned eventually, from documentary evidence, that the man was born in 1757, during the reign of the Empress Elizabeth, and therefore is 139 years old. The old man, whose name is Kuzmin, said he was a native of Moscow and from his twentieth to his eighty-sixth year had been a coachman. In his eighty-sixth year, however, he had upset his master, a count, and the count's brother, had hurt both seriously and had been sent to Siberia, where he had lived until 1893. In that year he decided to return home, and he arrived in Moscow in 1894. He at once started for Kieff on a pilgrimage, from which he had just come back. He was much grieved to find that all the friends of his youth were dead.

"Kuzmin's eyesight is undimmed, his hearing is good, and he is a splendid walker, as his pilgrimages have shown. Up to his 134th year he has never tasted whisky, but now he allows himself an occasional drink."

Whisky No Cure for Poison.

"Whisky will never cure a poisonous snake bite," said Prof. Theodore A. Schurr, the naturalist of thirty years' experience, to a reporter. "The idea that whisky is an antidote for the bite of a rattlesnake or any other venomous reptile is a delusion so popular and general that I always take special pains to correct and expose it in my lectures. Whisky never will and never did cure any one bitten by a snake, but because some person took some whisky after being bitten by a harmless snake and recovered he attributed his cure to the whisky, and so the idea gained circulation. I have never known a case to be cured by the use of whisky and have known several cases where it had been used to result fatally. Whisky only adds additional poison to the system instead of removing and destroying that of the snake.

"The only thing that will cure a person bitten by a rattler or other poisonous snake is the use of permanganate of potash. This is an effective cure in almost every instance. The venom of a reptile is injected into the blood and the poison destroys the blood globules. I was bitten by a rattler on my index finger and immediately took my pocket knife and made a deep incision near the wound, so that the poison could not be taken up and distributed through my system. The bitten part was then cauterized and it caused me no trouble whatever. Whisky is not very good to use at any time and no good for snake bites."—Pittsburgh Post.

Card From Prof. Vandiver.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., April 28, 1896. Editor Cape Girardeau:

Dear Sir—I thought we were all Democrats now and the party platform for Missouri was settled. But I see from your paper of last week that a certain "Spand Money Democrat" throws down the gauntlet and wishes still to debate the question of free silver.

This is to say that whenever that gentleman calls some from under cover of the name of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the rate of 16 to 1—provided the place he names is in the 16th Congressional district.

This reminds me of the squib in yesterday's Cape Girardeau and to-day's Cape Girardeau to the effect that I have withdrawn from the Congressional contest is a campaign fake without a shadow of a fact in it. I never surrender before the battle begins, and if I withdraw it will be after the convention nominates another man.

Very Respectfully,
W. D. VANDIVER.